

First record of *Callistochiton pachylasmae* (Monterosato, 1879) for the Adriatic Sea (Polyplacophora Callistoplacidae)

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ABSTRACT

It is reported the first record of *Callistochiton pachylasmae* (Monterosato, 1879) for the Adriatic Sea. It is a very rare and peculiar polyplacophoran species (Callistoplacidae Pilsbry, 1893). Actually, the few known records span a wide Mediterranean range and extend to the neighbouring Atlantic.

KEY WORDS

Callistochiton pachylasmae; polyplacophoran species; first record; Adriatic Sea.

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INTRODUCTION

Callistochiton pachylasmae (Monterosato, 1879) (original combination: *Chiton pachylasmae* Monterosato, 1879 ex Seguenza G. ms) is a very peculiar polyplacophoran species (Callistoplacidae Pilsbry, 1893; Bouchet et al., 2016; Gofas & Le Renard, 2016), easily recognizable by its peculiar sculpture, in particular for the presence of 7 radial ridges on the cephalic plate. Its distinctiveness, along with its apparently isolated fossil history in Europe, traced back to at least the Pleistocene (Dell’Angelo et al., 1998), brought Dell’Angelo & Oliverio (1997) to allocate it in a subgenus on its own: *Allerychiton* Dell’Angelo et Oliverio, 1997.

DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

Callistochiton pachylasmae is a rare species, and it has been treated seldom in the literature (Monterosato, 1879; Sabelli, 1971; Ferreira, 1979;

Kaas, 1981; van Belle, 1983, 1988; Gaglini, 1985; Pizzini & Oliverio, 1993; Giovine & Dell’Angelo, 1993; Kaas & van Belle, 1994; Dell’Angelo & Oliverio, 1997; Dell’Angelo et al., 1998; Antoniadou et al., 2005; Koukouras, 2010). The few known records span a wide Mediterranean range and extend to the neighboring Atlantic (Fig. 1). It is noteworthy that the generic record from Spain in the Iberian Fauna Databank (Ramos, 2010) could not be linked to an actual, published record (J. Templado, pers. comm.) and therefore could not be plotted in the map (Fig. 1). However, despite the wide range, there was so far remarkable lack of findings in the Adriatic Sea.

The present record consist of a single cephalic plate, 0.82 x 1.37 mm (Fig. 2), retrieved by sorting a sample of bioclastic sediment with limited organogenous component, collected by SCUBA diving at Lastovo Island (Croatia), 38 m depth (Alessandro Raveggi, Florence, legit). This is the first record from the Adriatic Sea, and represents the northernmost known record for the species.

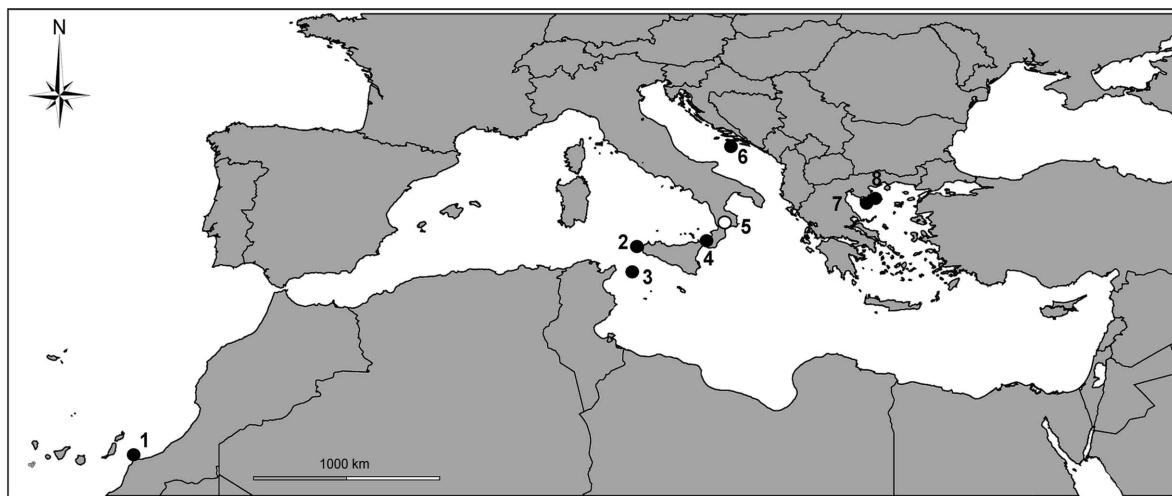


Figure 1. Known records of *Callistochiton pachylasmae* (Monterosato, 1879). 1) W of Cape Yubi, Morocco, -500 m, 1 specimen now lost (Kaas, 1981). 2) Punta Longa “Secca Galera”, Favignana Island -33 m, 1 cephalic plate (Dell’Angelo & Oliverio, 1997). 3) Pantelleria Island, -53.4 m (Pizzini & Oliverio, 1993). 4) Strait of Messina, coralligenous, 1 specimen (holotype: Monterosato, 1879). 5) S. Maria di Catanzaro, Pleistocene, 1 cephalic plate (Dell’Angelo et al., 1998). 6) Lastovo Island (Croatia), -38 m (this work). 7) Kelyfos Island, -30 m, 1 specimen (Antoniadou et al., 2005; Koukouras, 2010). 8) Ormos Panagias -35/40 m, Sithonia, 1 intermediate plate (Dell’Angelo & Oliverio, 1997).



Figure 2. *Callistochiton pachylasmae* (Monterosato, 1879). Lastovo Island (Croatia), 38 m depth. Cephalic plate, height 0.82, width 1.37 mm.

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